

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge Ordinary Level

COMBINED SCIENCE 5129/22

Paper 2 Theory May/June 2017

MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 100

Published

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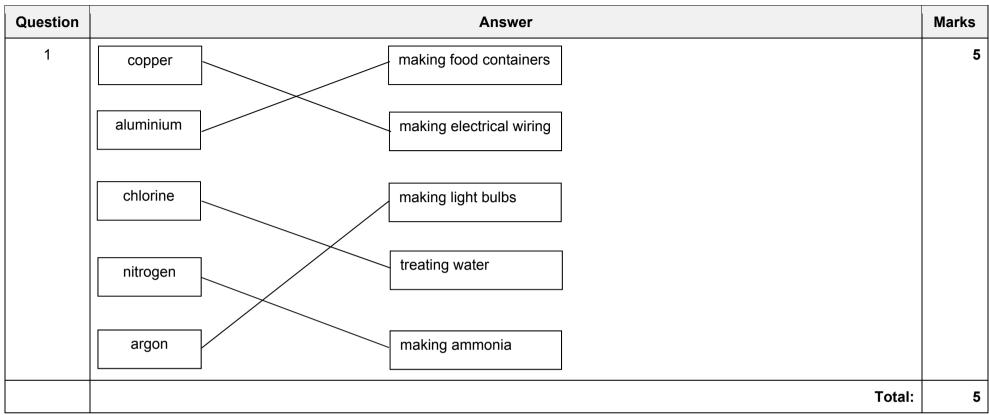
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Question	Answer	Marks
2	plasma; urea; kidneys; haemoglobin; antibodies;	5
	Total:	5

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Question	Answer	Marks
3(a)	any three in sequence slows down; stops; changes direction; speeds up / accelerates; non constant acceleration;	3
3(b)	PE increases and KE decreases (until it stops / reaches top);	1
	Total:	4

Question	Answer	Marks
4(a)	80; 44; 2;	3
4(b)	any two from Iow melting point / low boiling point; insoluble in water; does not conduct electricity when molten; does not conduct electricity in aqueous solution;	2
4(c)	limewater; goes milky;	2
	Total:	7

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Cambridge O Level – Mark Scheme

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Question	Answer	Marks
5(a)	movement of <u>water</u> molecules; through a <u>partially</u> permeable membrane; from a region of higher concentration to a region of lower concentration;	3
5(b)(i)	A = cell wall; B = cytoplasm; C = cell membrane;	3
5(b)(ii)	line touching the nucleus ;	1
5(c)(i)	any one from cell increased in size; vacuole is larger; cell wall is taut / description of;	1
5(c)(ii)	any three from • water (molecules) pass through cell wall by diffusion; • water passes by osmosis through cell membrane; • diffuses through cytoplasm; • passes by osmosis into the vacuole;	3

Question	Answer	Marks
6	2.4 ;	3
	Total:	3

Total:

11

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Question	Answer	Marks
7(a)(i)	alkali metals ;	1
7(a)(ii)	decrease;	1
7(b)(i)	20;	1
7(b)(ii)	shown as 2, 8, 8, 1;	1
7(c)(i)	$K^{\scriptscriptstyle{+}} O^{2-}$;	1
7(c)(ii)	11–14;	1
	Total:	6

Question	Answer	Marks
8(a)	the transfer of energy;	1
8(b)	grass / acacia tree / trees ;	1
8(c)	(herbivores) = 4; (carnivores) = 3;	2
8(d)	decomposers / detritivores ;	1
	Total:	5

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Question	Answer	Marks
9(a)(i)	normal lines for both rays ; reflected rays correct ; correct extension behind mirror ;	3
9(a)(ii)	same distance to right of mirror ;	1
9(b)(i)	radiation;	1
9(b)(ii)	move the thermometer further away ; more air absorbs more of the radiation ;	2
9(b)(iii)	range is too small / not high enough ;	1
	Total:	8

Question	Answer	Marks
10(a)	98–100 ;	1
10(b)	C_nH_{2n+2} ;	1
10(c)	11 7 8;	1
10(d)(i)	cracking;	1
10(d)(ii)	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1
10(d)(iii)	it is flammable ;	1
	Total:	6

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Question	Answer	Marks
11(a)(i)	male 1;	1
11(a)(ii)	female 2;	1
11(b)	volume of each breath increases ;	1
11(c)	any two from more muscle contraction; more energy required; more oxygen needed; more respiration (of glucose); more carbon dioxide to be excreted;	2
	Total:	5

Question	Answer	Marks
12(a)	any two from less dense; gas expands; less dense things move upwards / convection;	2
12(b)	collecting plate has positive / opposite charge ; smoke particles attracted to the collecting plate ;	2
12(c)(i)	1.5 A;	1

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Question	Answer	Marks
12(c)(ii)	V=IR / $45000 = 1.5 \times R/45000 = ans (c)(i) \times R$;	3
	30 000 ;	
	Ω ;	
	Total:	8

Question	Answer	Marks
13(a)		2
13(b)(i)	20–21 ;	1
13(b)(ii)	exothermic;	1
13(c)	acetylene ;	1
13(d)	zinc;	1
	Total:	6

Question	Answer	Marks
14(a)	(upper mesophyll cells) receive more light;	1
14(b)	any one from to enable transpiration; to enable loss of water; to allow diffusion of water vapour / gases; to allow gaseous exchange;	1
14(c)	any one from lower surface is cooler (reducing water vapour loss); not in direct sunlight;	1
	Total:	3

Question	Answer	Marks
15(a)	d = m/v or 1055/1000; 1.055; g/cm ³ ;	3
15(b)	2.1 kW ;	1
	Total:	4

Question	Answer	Marks
16(a)(i)	C ;	1
16(a)(ii)	B ;	1
16(a)(iii)	E ;	1

Question

16(b)

it is impure;

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Answer

Marks	
1	

Total:

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4

Question	Answer	Marks
17(a)(i)	reduces risk of fire ;	1
17(a)(ii)	they have different thermal expansions (tick in bottom box);	1
17(b)(i)	prevent too much / high current ;	2
	reaching / damaging the appliance ;	
17(b)(ii)	so appliance is not live / is isolated from live ;	1
17(c)	no part of surface casing can become live ;	1
	Total:	6

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Question	Answer	Marks
18		4
	Total:	4